



Subject Theme Overview	Year 3	Charlton Kings Junior School
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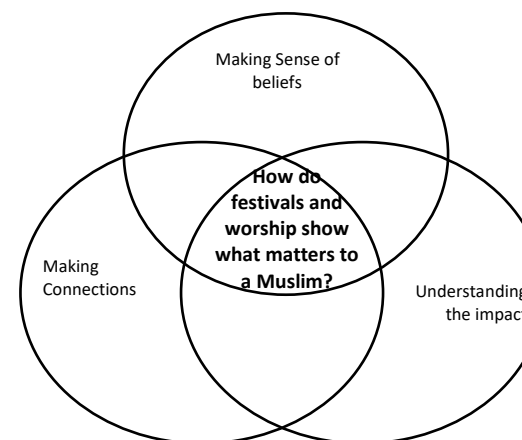
Subject	R.E.	Theme	How do festivals and worship show what matters to a Muslim?	Term	3
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What should I already know?
<p>I will already have learnt about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Five Pillars – Shahadah and Salah (belief and prayer) That Muslims submit to one God – Allah That Muslims use stories about the Prophet Muhammad to guide their beliefs and actions Some examples of how Muslims put their beliefs about prayer into action

What should I know by the end of the unit?
<p>I will be able to:</p> <p>Make sense of beliefs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify some beliefs about God in Islam, expressed in Surah 1. Make clear links between beliefs about God and Ibadah. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of Ibadah (worship) in Islam (e.g. prayer, fasting, celebrating) and describe what they are. Make links between Muslim beliefs about God and a range of ways in which Muslims worship (e.g. in prayer and fasting, as a family, at home and in the mosque). <p>Make connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raise questions and suggesting answers about the value of submission and self-control to Muslims and whether there are benefits for people who are not Muslims. Make links between the Muslim idea of living in harmony with the Creator and the need for all people to live in harmony with each other in the world today giving good reasons for their ideas.

What will I learn about?
<p>I will learn about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The words ‘Islam’ and ‘Muslim’ being linked to peace through their root word ‘sim’. Surah 1 of the Qur’an and how this shows the nature of God in Islam. How prayer shows what matters to a Muslim. Mosques as a place of prayer, teaching and community support. How and why Muslim prayer is central to understanding the festivals and worship undertaken by Muslims. Ramadan and fasting. The Night of Power The celebration of Eid-ul-Fitr. Willing submission to God is central to Islam and Muslims demonstrate this through Ibadah.

How do these ideas work together?



Key Vocabulary	
Shahadah	A Muslim’s belief in Allah and their faith
Five pillars	These are the most important Muslim practices: Shahadah, Sawm, Salat, Zakat and Hajj
Ibadah	The Arabic word for worship
Sawm	Fasting during the month of Ramadan
Salat	Performing ritual prayers five time a day
Zakat	Giving money to charity
Hajj	Going on pilgrimage (journey) to Mecca
Qur’an	The Holy Book
Surah	A chapter in the Qur’an
Tawhid	Muslim belief in Allah as the one true God
Imam	The person who leads prayers in a mosque
Ramadan	A month-long period of fasting
Night of Power	When the Prophet Muhammad was given the Qur’an.
Eid-ul-Fitr	A day of celebration at the end of Ramadan